GIVE PERFECT DIGESTION, SOUND SLEEP,

STRONG NERVES.

A POPULAR REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA WHICH HAS MADE MANY REMARKABLE CURES. The spring of the year is the time for blood puri-

flers. It is the season when we think we must dose ourselves with sarsaparillas, bitters and the endless list of so-called blood purifiers and nerve As a matter of fact, there is but one possible

way in which to purify the blood, and that is through the stomach and bowels.

Pure blood results from wholesome food, thoroughly digested. Impure blood results from poor digestion and assimilation. When the stomach refuses to work properly the food remains too long a time, fermenting, forming gases, shown by sour, bitter taste in the mouth, bloating and belching of gas, and distress and discomfort generally. Poor blood, weak nerves, sleeplessness and a general don't care feeling can always be traced to imper-

This is the reason why Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are superlor to other spring medicines and blood purifiers. They give perfect digestion, the food does not lie in the stomach for hours. They give a vigorous appetite, sound sleep, strong nerves, and wholesome food, well digested, makes pure blood, and in no other way can the blood be purified. The idea that a medicine in itself will purify the blood when the stomach and digestive organs are out of order is nonsense. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are used by thousands in preference to "bitters," "after-dinner pills" and "blood purlfiers" because they remove the cause of the impure blood, and you do not have to take them forever to get results. Dyspepsia is an obstinate disease to cure, and a remedy must be designed especially for it and nothing else. Cure-alls will not cure

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not claimed to cure everything or anything except Dyspepsia and stomach troubles, and for that it stands alone among patent medicines. Any one suffering from any trouble with their digestion will find these tablets will give immediate relief and a perma-

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are prepared by the F. A. Stuart Co of Marshall, Mich., and sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. No dicting nor change of babits is required; they di-

(Fill in YOUR name if you don't use GOLD

ticed that all of our GOLD DUST Talks are with wom= en who have not used GOLD DUST WASHING POW-

What does this suggest to you?

The real reason is, women who have used GOLD DUST (and there are thouthem) know already that it saves their time; that it lightens their toil; that it saves their clothes; that it and quoting authorities to prove that cur citizens are free to divest themselves of spares their health by relieving them from the
drudgery of scrubbing; and
that there is no department of housekeeping
where dist is to be removed. spares their health by rewhere dirt is to be removed in which GOLD DUST is not only the best, but the

and ascertain for yourself whether their evidence will re-enforce our claims about GOLD DUST.

Better still, be your own judge. You can soon determine the truth of the whole matter. The large package is cheapest.

Housework is hard work without GOLD DUST.

Yours, sincerely,

The N. K. Fairbank Company,

BOSTON, CHICAGO, NEW YORK, ST. LOUIS.

Makers of Fairy Soap.



MAY WEAR SHIRT WAISTS.

Order Promulgated in Regard to Let-Postmaster General Smith has signed the

following order, formulated by A. W. Machen, superintendent of the division of free delivery, which is intended to relieve letter carriers throughout the country of wearing the heavy uniform coats and vests during the summer: "Ordered, that section 631 of the amended

postal laws and regulations in relation to the free delivery service be, and the same hereby is, amended, by adding the follow-

"Shirt waists-During the heated term postmasters may permit letter carriers to wear a neat shirt waist or loose-fitting blouse, instead of coat and vest, the same to be made of light gray chambray gingham, light gray cheviot or other light gray washable material; to be worn with turndown collar, dark tie and a neat belt; all to be uniform at each office."

A Postal Car to Be Sent. A railway postal car will be made a part of the United States postal exhibit at the Pan-American exposition. Postmaster General Smith issued an order to this effect yesterday. This car will be known as the "Pan-American railway pest office." and will act as the mailing division of the Pan-American branch post office, which already has been ordered to be established at the exposition grounds. Railway postal clerks will be detailed for service in this car, who will distribute, pouch and dispatch all out-going mails and perform such other duties as devolve upon a regular railway post office or mailing division.

Promotions of Postal Clerks.

The annual adjustments of post office salaries and allowances so far made, to take effect July 1 next, provide for 4,730 promotions of post office clerks, and for the appointment of 1,800 additional clerks at post offices throughout the country. the other offices, these figures probably will be swelled to about 6,500 promotions and close to 2,200 additional clerks. This adjustment will raise the average pay of the post office clerks by about \$100, as 75 per cent of the promotions will go to the clerks in the lower grades at the various

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets RESULTS OF DEEP RESEARCH MR.

PAPERS READ BEFORE AMERICAN SOCIAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION.

Health Subjects Considered-Ancient System of Economics-Naturalization Reform Needed.

Nearly all the auditors in attendance upon this morning's session of the American Social Science Association at Columbian University were ladies, but they took much interest in the papers read. The day was devoted to the department of health, of which Dr. W. H. Daly is chairman and Dr. Elmer Lee secretary. In a few brief sentences Dr. Daly described the importance existing for all persons to exercise a more rigid care of health and the increase of knowledge that will aid in its preservation. "Factory Hygiene" was the title of a paper read by John H. Patterson of Dayton, Ohio, which was largely a description of a manufacturing establishment in that city, where every means was taken to promote and preserve the health of the employes, who number many hundreds.

Dr. Grace Peckham Murray of New York read a paper on "Health Fads of Today," in which she arraigned Christian Science and Osteopathy in rather severe terms. Dr. C. W. Chancellor of this city made an address on "Social Evils Resulting From Unsanitary Dwellings." The morning was closed with an address by Dr. Irving C. Rosse of this city on the general relations of public health to public morals.

Economic System of Ancient Incas. The proceedings under the direction of the department of jurisprudence were brought to a close last night with two papers of profound interest. Prof. W. C. Robinson, dean of the Catholic University, under the head "Glimpses of Prehistoric Law," described conditions existing in ancient Peru, by which, he declared, those almost forgotten people enjoyed the most perfect economic system the world has ever known. By means of highways, equal to the famous Roman roads, that crossed the country in regular arrangement, the surplus population was colonized. The people were grouped in ten families, each under superintendents, who were in turn responsible to overseers. Each ten of the latter were under direction of a single head, who was directly responsible to the throne. All able-bodied persons were compelled to work under intelligent direction. Crime was rare, tramps and vagrants were unknown and avarice could find no foothold where every gain was shared by the entire com-Perhaps you have no= munity. Prof. Robinson thought the probbe solved by the adoption of the salient features of the system of the ancient Incas. The nineteenth century had seen an influx of the rural population into the cities, crowding out the municipal work-men and filling workhouses and jails. There might wisely be a little more of the helpful paternal government in the state whereby the unemployed might be colonized in all ed. Compulsory self-support, he declared, was as much within the province of the state as compulsory book education and

Abuse of Naturalization.

"Naturalization; Its Abuse and Remedy," was the theme of a thoughtful address showing deep study and research, delivered sands upon thousands of by Mr. Oscar S. Strauss, former minister to Turkey.

After showing that the United States had led the way in overthrowing the feudal doctrine of feudal allegiance, by consistently upholding the right of expatriation and op-posing the theory of indissoluble allegiance absence absolves them from duties to another. In the course of his further remarks he spoke in part as follows:
"The United States in consonance with

most economical, servant lies the fabric of its laws had had a marked influence upon European ownering. its maintenance of the right of expatria-tion, and in inducing them to recede from Ask any of these women the doctrine of perpetual allegiance, therefore all the more should it have a care to fore the fore the fore all the more should it have a care to fore the fore guard that right and prevent it from being perverted and abused to the detriment of its bona fide citizens and to the jeopardy of its relations with other nations. Because from the beginning of our government we have encouraged immigration by liberal laws and freely endowed the emigrants and refugees from the old world with a new national birth by investing them with the rights and privileges of American citizens, should we be jealous of the duties and obligations those privileges impose, by discourcome among us only to acquire our citizenship as a pretext for seeking our protection upon their return to permanently

reside in the country of their birth? Remedies Suggested.

"There are several ways of reaching the desired result, either by adopting some such form respecting naturalization as obtains in Great Britain, or by the passage of an amendment to the existing laws to the effect that the return of a naturalized citizen to the country of his nativity, except for a temporary stay or a brief visit, shall be presumptive evidence of the abandonment of his American citizenship. While this will not be a complete remedy, it will have the added effect of deterring the immigration of such persons as most abuse the high privileges of American citizenship, and who are a continual menace to our friendly relations with other countries.
"The inevitable consequences of our

Spanish war, together with our keen competition for the markets of the world for our export trade, have involved us, for good or for ill, in the intricacies of the world's diplomacy, and has expanded the scope of our foreign affairs.

"To understand and administer these enlarged interests, to guard and protect our rights, and at the same time to keep clear of strained and interrupted relations and the many vexatious questions which, under the provocations of home politics and a sensational press, may, even when least expected, bring on the calamities of war, will demand the highest skill of our Department of State, aided by the trained knowledge of experienced diplomatic agents. It is especially incumbent upon a powerful nation to be just. It can best afford to be generous. It can be so without being charged with weakness. It must often be firm and resolute. Such characteristics are as effective internationally as interpersonally. To be this and to do this we must concede to others the same rights we demand for ourselves, and not invite quarrels from which we must often retreat; quarrels, too, which are most apt to rise at times when nations are most rise at times when nations are most sus-ceptible to ignitation, during periods of threatening or pending revolution or actual war; when the obligations of neutrality are most difficult to maintain, nothwith-

standing the most watchful care on the part of governments."

The department of health will conclude its session tonight, with papers by George M. Sternberg, M.D., of this city on "Transmission of Yellow Fever by the Mosquito" and "Food as the Principal Factor in the Cause of Disease," by Elmer Lee of New

Cancellation of Water Tax.

District Assessor H. H. Darneille has recommended to the Commissioners favorable action upon the request of Morgan H. Beach of 344 D street northwest that the fourth installment of the water main tax against sublot 21, in the name of George T. Carter, be canceled, on the ground that the tax in question was omitted from the tax certificate issued May 12, 1897, and that the second and third installments of the same tax on the same property also be canceled.

Plea of Not Guilty.

John G. Schoelikoff, said to be a baker, aged nineteen years, who was arrested last evening on complaint of George C. May had gone through a begus form of marriage with his fifteen-year-old daughter at Alexandria, Va., several months ago, was today arraigned in the Police Court. He pleaded not guilty, and at the request of his counsel, Mr. Albert Sillers, Judge Scott released him on \$500 bonds for a hearing Tuesday next.

LARGE GATHERING ATTESTS THE TESTIMONY GIVEN BEFORE THE ESTEEM FELT FOR HIM.

Large Attendance at St. Matthew's Were Conducted.

The deep and sincere affection in which the late James G. Berret was held by the community in which he was for so long such a prominent figure was attested in a most emphatic degree this morning by the large attendance which was present at the funeral services over his remains, held in St. Matthew's Church. It would be difficult to choose an assemblage in Washington more thoroughly representative of its residents, and each person in it came to pay, not a perfunctory mark of respect, but a sorrowful last tribute to the man who was so dear to them all in life. The gathering comprised all classes. Business and professional men, those in humble vocations, persons of leisure and social leaders, were there, the young as well as the old, and few vacant pews were left when the ceremonies began.

District Commissioner Macfarland represented the local government, and nearly every member of the inaugural committee, including Chairman Edson, Vice Chairman Roessle and Secretary Dingman, were in attendance. The venerable Mrs. Magruder, attendance. The venerable Mrs. Magruder, widow of former Mayor Magruder; ex-Mayor Matthew G. Emery, John W. Thompson, John F. Coyle, Judge Johnston, James W. Orme, S. H. Kauffmann, A. A. Wilson, Dr. Daniel B. Clarke, John W. Boteler, James L. Norris, E. Southard Parker S. W. Woodward, Michael I. Weller, Louis D. Wine, E. Francis Riggs, W. Cranch McIntyre, Charles W. Pettit, G. G. C. Simms, Charles W. Cunningham, J. V. N. Huyck, Louis Kettler, J. Fred Kelley, John F. Cook, Marcellus West and Perry Carson were among the others present. Carson were among the others present. Brief services were conducted at the Berret residence, No. 1535 I street, at 10:30 o'clock, by Rev. Father Joseph Bart, which were attended by the family and the pall-

twelve body bearers being required to carry Low requiem mass was celebrated by Father Bart, Miss Jennie Glennan playing solemn strains on the organ during its progress. Within the sanctuary, clad in white vestments, were Rev. Fathers Mackin, Stafford, Lee, Sterling, Foley and Ciampi.

At the conclusion of the mass Father Bart changed his vestments, and, approaching the casket, said that in accordance with the expressed wishes of the deceased there would be no funeral oration,

"The city of Washington." he continued. 'mourns the death of its foremost citizen. and this assemblage testifies how his loss is mourned, and is a fitting tribute and testimony of his upright and noble character. He was loved by all. His life was long and honorable, and he needs no exaggerated panegyric of his public and private virtues. He was the soul of honor. He ex-emplified in himself truth and justice and virtue and duty, and was a noble Christian gentleman. He has left to his family the precious heritage of the knowledge that his character was as honorable as it was

In conclusion Father Bart asked that all should join their prayers with those of the church in their dead friend's behalf that eternal peace and rest be granted him.

At the end of the services the body was removed to Congressional cemetery for in-terment, accompanied by the family and the pallbearers, who were ex-Senator Arthe panearers, who were ex-senator Arthur P. Gorman, ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll of Maryland, Alexander Porter Morse, Mr. Gordon Cumming, Gen. Moore, Rear Admiral Franklin, Judge Hillyer and Mr. Hingkler.

Hotel Arrivals.

Arlington-D. M. Houser, St. Louis; B. Eldridge, Boston; J. T. Waring, Yonkers

Shoreham-R. S. Woodward, New York; J. E. Dana, Charleston, W. Va.; A. P. Gifford, Newark, N. J.; W. E. Andrews, Bosthe spirit of personal liberty which under- ton; W. H. Brewer, New Haven, Conn.: Mrs. A. G. Blair, Toledo, Ohio. Riggs-D. M. Field, Worcester, Mass.: H.

A. Carlton, Maryland.

Normandie-Elias Deener, Williamsport, Pa.; F. S. Genung, South McAlester, I. T.; Geo. Dunn, Baltimore, Md.; Eppa Hunton, Virginia; C. W. Anderson, Halifax, N. S.; J. B. Perkins, Rochester, N. Y.; Jno. K. Simpson, Boston, Mass.
Cochran-J. Burnstine and wife, New

York; J. R. Barr, Lexington, Ky.: George F. Kendall, Cambridge, Mass.; Judge J. H. Perry, Southport, Conn.; Chas. L. Spinney,

Massachusetts.

Massachusetts.

Ebbitt-Geo. H. Carpenter, New York;
Herman Jones, Orange, N. J.; A. R. Pruden, Durham, N. C.; J. W. Dimmick,
Montgomery, Ala.; Jas. M. Rollins, St.
Louis, Mo.; Geo. W. Weeks, Clinton, Mass.;
C. A. Booth, Andoren Mass. C. A. Rooth, Andover, Mass.
Dewey-Mrs. B. J. Beach, Rome, N. Y.; Mrs. M. E. Fisk, Williamsport, Pa.; W. E. Downes, New Haven, Conn.; C. J. Benson, Oklahoma territory; George J. Brush, New

Richmond-Mrs. A. J. Marble and Miss Marble, Chicago; Mrs. and Miss Hamilton, Miss G. M. Greene and Miss Lynton, Mon-treal, Quebec; J. C. Heartt, New York. Raleigh-C. B. Kefauvner, West Virginia; H. B. Martin and wife, New York; F. H. Adams and wife, Ohio; S. R. Bush, Easton, Pa.; C. F. Brown, Boston; F. W. Seymour, Buffalo; W. S. Grattan, Buffalo; A. B. Andrews, North Carolina; W. M. O. Dawson, West Virginia; R. N. Kenyon, New York;

H. E. Ross and wife, Minnesota; W. I. Buchanan, Buffalo; H. R. Liddle, Lockport, Johnson-Elliott Northcott, Huntington. W. Va.; R. T. Thorp, Norfolk, Va.; George C. Dean, Detroit, Mich.; E. T. Green, New York: N. S. Goodsill, Boston, Mass.; Calvert, Kentucky; Charles H. Lord, New

Gordon-Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Gray, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stoddard, Rutland, Vt.; Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Muir, Rutland, Vt.; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Woods, Montana; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McGraw, Detroit; W. P. Harris, Detroit; Dr. Grace Peckham Merray, New York; Mrs. F. A. E. Cott, New York; Mrs. H. S. Bamford, Liverpool, England.

Metropolitan—R. J. Lewis, San Jose, Cal.;

C. R. Mitchell, Boston; R. H. Witz, Staunten, Va.; C. G. Hill and wife, East Greenwich, R. I.; B. G. Hughes, York, Pa.; S. M. Lister, Richmond, Va.; O. R. Davis, Philadelphia; C. I. King and wife, Richmond, Va.; Daniel Lamb, Newark, N. J.; H. A. McArdle, Philadelphia; C. Stevens and wife, Boston; J. H. Brown, St. Louis, Mo.; E. B. North Carolina; J. B. McCabe, Leesburg, Va.

St. James-Dr. McHenry and wife, Monroe, La.; S. H. Wardwell and wife, Swam-picott, Mass.; J. C. Windsor, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. W. Fell, Asheville, N. C.; L. G. Foster, Deland Lake, Wis.; C. R. Johnson, Knoxville, Tenn.; R. B. Hanley and wife, Ames-

Post Election.

At a special meeting of Independence Post. No. 67, Grand Army of the Republic. Department of Maryland, held at Rockville, Md., yesterday for the purpose of installation of officers, the declination of Center H. Lawrence of Linden of the office of commander was accepted, and upon nomination of the retiring commander. Benjamin F. Peters, John McDonald was elected commander, and accepted his second election to the position in a neat speech.
Thos. A. Weaver was elected officer

the day, and Quartermaster and Acting Adjutant Scheirer was directed to notify Adjutant General Hoffmann of the post's

The hearing on the writ of habeas corpus applied for in the cases of John H. Walter, Aaron Bradshaw and Granville C. Shaw, charged by the Maryland authorities with

Date Fixed for Hearing.

"statutory burning," has been fixed for Friday morning at 10 o'clock, before Justice Barnard. The matter was to have come up yesterday afternoon, but was postponed. The defendants were released on \$3,000 bonds, the sureties being Hopewell H. Darneille for Bradshaw, Thomas H. Pickford for Shaw, and Henry S. Walter for John H. Walter. The habeas corpus proceedings are the result of a decision by chief Justice Bingham yesterday surrendering the accused parties to the Maryland authorities.

BERRET'S FUNERAL ELECTRIQ LIGHT PLANTS

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

Interest Paid on the Investment by Municipalities in Their Own Plants.

Mr. Alton D. Adams, electrical engineer of Boston, Mass. was today before the industrial commission to testify concerning relative costs of municipal and private ownership of electric lighting plants. Mr. Adams is a graduate of the Scientific School of Harvard University, and for two years has been engaged in an investigation of the subject on which he talked today. He said that he has found a lack of authentic information concerning the cost of running private electric light plants, because of a failure of corporations to fully comply with the law requiring such statements. He based his comparisons between the two classes of electric, those operated by private ownership and under public ownership.

Basis of Calculation. He based his calculation of the cost of

plants under municipal ownership on the experience of fourteen such plants, which have been established since 1889 in towns of Massachusetts with populations from 27,000 down to 1,000. These fourteen plants had caused an investment of \$891,591. In seventeen towns and cities which he had selected of about the sizes of the places in which municipal plants were run he found the average price per hour for arc lamps 4.7 cents and for incandescent lamps, 1.2 cents. He established this price as the price of electric light furnished for public lighting by the municipal companies in order to have a basis for a comparison of the relative economy of plants run in these different ways. Interest on the Investment.

So basing his estimate he found that if the municipal plants had been paid this average price for its current furnished without charge for the public use these fourteen plants would have paid 12.3 per cent net earnings on their actual investment. He also found that forty-three towns of less than 30,000 inhabitants paid vestment. All the cities in the state of Massachusetts show a return of 10.2 per cent on the investment for electric lighting plants. Many of the cities being arge, are not properly comparable to the plants in small cities and towns. These figures show, he said, that capital invested by the municipality in electric light plants is more productive than when similarly invested by private interests.

New Tariff Rates on Machinery. The State Department has received from United States Consul Hill at Amsterdam a full statement of the new tariff on machinery in the Netherlands East Indies. The tariff rates are as follows:

"Factory and steam engines, machinery, machines and tools for agricultural, factory and steam purposes, mining and trades, and also parts thereof, if considered so by the custom house officers, free. Iron, ironware, cast, wrought, milled or forged, not separately specified, 10 per cent ad

Old Deed Placed on Record.

A copy of the will of Richard Queen, dated April 25, 1793, was placed on file in the office of the register of wills yesterday afternoon at the instance of Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore. The title to property in the District is involved in the instrument, one of its bequests being two acres of land in what is now known as Queen's Chapel cemetery, near Langdon. The property was originally bequeathed to John Carroll, bishop of the diocese of Baltimore, and has passed down to his successors. The particulars of the discovery of the will

Alleges False Pretenses.

Mrs. C. J. Boarman, 27 3d street northeast, has asked the police to recover a bundle of clothing that was obtained from her house yesterday under alleged false pretenses. According to her report an unknown colored man called at the house and was given the week's wash. He represented he had been sent by Mrs. Boarman's washerwoman, but the latter says she did not send him.

Lad Charged With Crime.

Daniel Shea, a white lad of about fifteen years, was brought to Anacostia Monday evening by Constable Grimes of Oxon Hill district, Prince George's county, Md., having been taken in charge by the officer at Silver Hill that day for the alleged offense of selling milk belonging to his employer and appropriating the money. Constable Grimes was about to have the lad committed to an institution near Baltimore, but a relative who lives in the city made the milkman's loss good. The amount is stated to have been about \$11. Shea was conveyed to his former home in this city by

the constable. Tender of a Banquet.

A banquet in honor of Mr. H. P. Cheatham, recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia, tendered by some of the members of the local bar, will take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock at Gaskins & Gaines' Hall, on 8th street northwest. Those who have accepted invitations to speak on the occasion are Messrs. Judson W. Lyons, register of the treasury; P. B. S. Pinchback, W. H. H. Hart, D. B. McCarry, A. P. Alberts, Robert H. Terrell, Joseph H. Stewart and others.

Hackman Injured.

Frank Beuchert, a hackman, thirty years old, fell from his hack at 6th and M streets northwest about 7 o'clock this morning, slightly cutting his face. After receiving medical assistance at the Homeopathic Hospital he was taken to the second precinct station to be held until he is able to

To Secure Data.

Capt. Lansing H. Beach, the District Engineer Commissioner, and Dr. Wm. C. Woodward, the health officer, have gone to New York for the purpose of securing data for use in connection with the preparation of the plans for the municipal hospital. They will probably not return before the first of next week.

In the Divorce Court. Catherine G. Shaffer has been granted a divorce from her husband, Augustus L.

Shaffer, the decree being signed by Justice Hagner of Equity Court No. 1. The divorce proceedings of Annie Livingston against James W. Livingston have been dismissed.
William H. Liverpool has filfied suit for
divorce from his wife, Rebecca Liverpool, charging desertion.

A damage suit for \$5,000 has been en-

tered against the Chesapeake Beach Railway Company by Cassius M. Buck, wno alleges that his wife, Mrs. Alvira A. Buck, was seriously injured while a passenger on was sentially at the defendant company. The suit is one of those growing out of the wreck at Chesapeake Junction last year, when a train ran into an open swith.

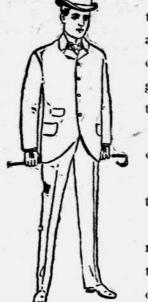
Joseph Parks, twenty-four years old, a esident of South Baltimore, was brought here last night from the monumental city to answer a charge of grand larceny. He admitted he had obtained a horse and wagon from Kennelly & Magrath, No. 205 11th street northwest, and disposed of the team. Parks had been working here, and was known at the livery and sale stable. Monday he called at the stable and said he had been sent for the team by a busi-He says he drove across the ness man. He says he drove across the river and sold the team for \$10 to a farmer living between this city and Falls Church. Then he returned to his home in Balti-

more.
Detectives Muller and Baur investigated the case and caused the arrest. Parks will be held at a police station until tomor-row in order to give the detectives time to recover the team. "Hecht's Greater Stores,"

. 513-515 Seventh Street.

men's spring suit

The entire surplus stock-consisting of the over-production and canceled orders of the well-known clothing manufacturer, Leon Wechsler of 721-723 Broadway and 266-268 Mercer street, New York, has been purchased at a considerable reduction on regular prices and is offered, beginning tomorrow morning-just as we secured it. The purchase is the largest that has ever been made by any local concern, and



the sale is important because the clothing is of the very highest grade-in materials and workmanship and because it is offered at much less than regular prices. Nine out of ten clothiers making such a purchase at this time would put it in regular stock and get regular prices for it, fearing that such a sale would interfere with the selling of their regular stock, which at this time is necessarily at its best.

We have taken no such view, for we know that we shall be able to turn these over to you in a hurry, and in doing so we shall make a host of friends.

Every garment in the 4,000 goes in the sale-tables are stacked high with them, the front windows have been filled to give you an idea of the very great values.

As stated above, this clothing is of the very highest grade, for this concern makes no cheap garments, and we unhesitatingly stand back of every sale by guaranteeing you satisfaction as to the wear-the workmanship and the lasting appearance of every suit.

Two lots-

\$7.75

for men's suits, worth up to \$12.50.

In the first lot are to be found a complete assortment of fancy worsteds and cheviots-striped cheviots in splendid variety, embracing the newest ideas—the most desirable patterns.

\$11.50

for men's suits, worth up

In this lot are suits of Oxford cheviot, fancy check cheviots and worsteds, striped flannels, cheviots and worsteds, plain black and blue cheviots and black thibets, English wale worsteds and basket weaves-an immense variety.

The enormous stock comprises suits in all sizes and all proportions, in other words, men of every build can be fitted so great is the variety of sizes. And the best part of it is that you don't need ready money to take advantage of the offering, for you may have the amount of your purchase "charged," and arrange to pay as is convenient to you.

Window shades, 19c. Best holland window shades, in a variety of colors-fixtures complete—easy to put up. Table oilcloth, 121/2c.

The very best quality marbleized table cloth, 5-4 size. The regular 25c. sort, 121/2c.

Carpet remnants, 121/2c. A quantity of Ingrain carpet remnants—some very pretty designs and colors—will make neat rugs. The kind that sells for 35c. Our price, 12½c.

Floor oilcloth, 23c. A lot of extra heavy floor oilcloth—some new designs—some new colors. The kind that sells for 35c. in furniture stores—we offer at 23c. yard.

Dressmakers' findings. 2c. bottle for Machine Oil-warranted not

for box of Mourning Pins. for card of Hump Hooks and Eyes. c. for full 8-yard piece of Taffeta Silk Seam Binding. 5c. for full 9-yard piece Whalebone for dozen Whalebones.

1c. for paper of Gold-eye Needles.

Sale spring dress fabrics.

23c. for regular 33c. granite suitings. 47c. for 38-inch French albatross, in black and colors, a very desirable fabric for this season, regular 59c. value, 47c.

49c. for all-wool prunella cloths, in the very newest spring shades, the 59c. value, for 49c. yard.

89c. for 44-inch imported soliel, the very newest spring dress fabric, in black and a variety of colors, the \$1.25 sort, for 89c. 44c. for black batiste, 40 inches wide, a rich, light fabric, very much in demand this season, 59c. value, for 44c.

Sale of linings.

578c. for black moire percaline. 71/2c. for extra heavy linen-finish canvas, in gray and black, the 12½c. value, for 7

97/sc. for ripple silk lining, 36-inch in width, a variety of the new spring shades. Sold everywhere for 18c. Our price, 97/sc. 101/2c. for black back figured waist lining, the grade that

THE NEW YORK POST OFFICE. Work of Registry Division Lessened

and Service Improved. George W. Beavers, superintendent of the division of salaries and allowances, Post Office Department, has submitted to the Postmaster General a report on the workings of the new plans for relieving the congestion at the New York post office. On one day of last week 1,412 registered package envelopes, containing 1,882 registered letters, originating at uptown stations in New York, were dispatched direct from the stations entirely made up. Heretofore these registered letters have been forwarded to the main office and rehandled there. April 20 the foreign registration division will be removed to the foreign annex station, at the corner of Morton and West streets. This, Mr. Beavers reports, will give the registry division at least 20 per cent more room, and at the same time relieve the registry division of at least 20 per cent of its present work. These two changes alone are expected to relieve the registry division of at least 40 per cent of its work. It is purposed, instead of handling the entire registered mail for the United States through the New York main office, that arrangements be made by which the New York post office will handle only the registered mail, incoming and outgoing, from New York city and the states of New York, Connecticut and New Jersey, which constitute about 15 per cent of the

present registered mail.

The Native Born in the Navy. Secretary Long has had compiled a table showing the proportion of native-born and foreign-born sailors in the United States navy. This shows that during the Spanish-American war, out of a total force of 22,-828, the total of native-born sailors was 15.406, and of foreign-born 7,422. The percentage of native-born sailors was 65, and, including foreigners who had become Ameri-80. The statement also shows that of the become naturalized or have declared their intention of becoming citizens. The state-ment further shows that the navy is more exclusively American than is generally un-

There appeared in a recent issue of Collier's Weekly, under a full page illustration of British sailors coaling ship, the statement that "the navy of Great Britain holds today the world's coaling record, the battle ship Mars of the channel squadron having accomplished the extraordinary feat of storing away 203.8 tons in one hour." Navy Department claims that two of the United States battle ships have eclipsed

Record for Coaling Ship.

Boys Fined. Morris Lewis and Barry Rosenbaum, boys, were today convicted before Judge Kin ball in the Police Court of disorderly conduct, and it was alleged that Lewis was guilty of breaking a glass bottle on the street. The latter was fined \$10 for the two offenses, and Rosenbaum was fined \$5. Both fines were paid.

216 tons per hour.

Suit in equity has been instituted by Fe-

liciana R. Miles of Texas, asking that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the assets, choses in action, etc., of the New South Building and Loan Association of New Orleans, La., in and relating to the District of Columbia. The complainant is a stockholder in the defendant association, and in the petition it is shown that Johnston Armstrong has been appointed receiver for the concern in Louisiana and other POSTMASTERS CAUTIONED.

Instructions Regarding Care of Funds and Stamp Supplies. The Post Office Department has issued the following general instructions to postmasters throughout the country regarding the care of government funds and stamp

supplies: "Postmasters are required to exercise the greatest care and give the best possible protection to government funds and stamp supplies in their custody.

"During business hours money, postage stamps, etc., must be kept so as to be inaccessible to the public and concealed from view. If the post office, when unoccupied, s not such a safe place as to warrant the postmaster in leaving his personal funds therein, all government moneys, postage stamps, etc., must be removed therefron to a place of the greatest possible safety. "The law provides that a postmaster may there be one in his town, city or county. If, cated and a private bank be accessible, there will be no objection to a postmaster placing his government funds, stamps, etc., therein; provided, that they be placed in a private receptacle as his official property, and subject to his exclu sive control, and that this be done at his own risk and expense."

EXPRESS MESSENGER'S TRIAL. Additional Testimony in the Case of

The trial of George R. Davis, the former Southern Express Company messenger, charged with the larceny and embezzlement of \$1,000, was continued today before Justice Barnard and a jury in Criminal Court No. 1. The most important witness of the morning was J. B. Hockaday, superintendent of the express company at Savannah, Ga. At the time of the alleged robbery Mr. Hockaday was connected with the Washington office. He testified as to a conversation he had with the accused at the first precinct police station in this city shortly after his arrest. Mr. Hockaday said he accused Davis of the theft, and that the latter neither admitted nor denied accusation. According to the witness, he did say, however, "I have only \$700 of The trial will be concluded tomorrow or

Ejectment Suit Entered. Louise Brigneli, through Attorneys Wilton J. Lambert and D. W. Baker, has filed suitat-law in ejectment against William A.

Kimmel for the recovery of the possession of lot 15, in the subdivision of lot 1, in block 2, improved by the house No. 1800 this record. During the recent stay of the North Atlantic squadron at Pensacola, Fla., Vernon avenue northwest. The plaintiff sets forth in her declaration that she was the battle ship Alabama took on no less than 258 tons in one hour, and before that lawfully possessed of the property in dispute February 20 last, when, it is alleged, feat was accomplished the record was held the defendant entered thereon and since by the flagship Kearsarge, at the rate of then has continued to retain possession ejectment complained of the plaintiff has lost rents and profits on account of which and for injury said to have been suffered by the loss of possession she claims the sum of \$500.

> Justice Hagner in Poor Health. Justice Hagner of Equity Court No. 1. who has been quite ill recently, was at the City Hall for a few minutes yesterday afternoon for the purpose of signing two decrees in divorce cases. The justice was again at the City Hall for a short while this morn-ing. Upon the advice of his physician he has now left the city for a period of re-cuperation and is not expected back until

ACADEMY CHOOSES OFFICERS. Scientists Hold Business Meeting at National Museum Today. The National Academy of Sciences, at business meeting held today in the office of the assistant secretary of the National Museum, elected officers as follows: President, Alexander Agassiz of Cambridge,

Mass.; foreign secretary, Ira Remsen; addi-

tional members of council, J. S. Billings,

Mr. Bowditch, G. P. Brush, A Hague, Simon

Newcomb and S. P. Langley. There were

three nominations for the office of presi-

dent, but Mr. Agassiz, receiving the greatest number of votes, was declared to have been unanimously elected. Mr. Samuel P. Langley and Mr. T. C. Mendenhall were appointed a committee to attend the funeral of Henry A. Rowland, who died at Baltimore Monday night. A public session of the academy convened in the lecture hall of the National Museum at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The program includes papers on scientific includes papers on scientific subjects by Prof. Alpheus Hyatt of Boston, Prof. E. B. Wilson of Columbia University, New York; Prof. Carl Barus of Providence, Gen. Henry L. Abbott, U. S. A.; Prof. R. S. Woodward

of New York and Prof. W. O. Atwater of Middletown, Conn. Leg Broken.

Jennie Graham, fourteen years old, a pupil in the Franklin School building, while, playing during the short recess this morning, fell and broke her leg. The child lives at 710 13th street northwest. She was taken to the Emergency Hospital for treatment.

Accidental Death. The coroner gave a certificate of accidental death in the case of Robert Grayson,

the Baltimore and Ohio railroad brakeman

who, as stated in The Star, was run over and killed at Langdon yesterday afternoon. The body was prepared for burial by Undertaker Lee and sent to Baltimore for Alleged Victim of Drug Habit. Jennie W. Sommers, who, as stated in The Star of last evening, was arrested by Detective Muller and Baur on the charge of shoplifting in a store on 7th street.

of a drug habit. Judge Scott had her sent back to the house of detention and fixed Saturday as the day for the hearing, Meanwhile her condition will, it is understood, be looked into by the proper au-

northwest, was today arraigned in the Po-

lice Court. Her counsel, Mr. C. Maurice

Smith, claimed that she was the victim

To Prohibit Profanity. Judge Kimball today directed the officers attached to the District branch of the Police Court to report to him all cases of the use of profane language around the building by policemen. The judge stated that he intended to bring all such accusations to the attention of Major Sylvester. superintendent of police, with the view of having such offenders properly disciplined.

The New Spring Shirt Waists. From Harper's Bazar.

Shirt waists are so varied in style this

season that it seems impossible to do justice to all the different designs, especially those for ordinary everyday wear. There are numbers of smart waists made in severe style, some with box pleats—these very few in number—others with side pleats, others again with narrow tucks, some with a yoke in the back, some with only a little fullness at the shoulders and only a little lumness at the shoulders and blousing in front, with a bias side piece-or, to speak more correctly, the front on the bias; these last the most becoming of all, and made in either thin or thick macuperation and is not expected back until a week from next Friday.

Alice Brown of N street near 5th street northwest was today convicted in the Police Court of the larceny of a number of articles valued at \$15 from Mrs. Jane Carter. The penalty imposed by Judge Scott was a fine of \$20, with sixty days in jail as the alternative.

bearers. The casket, which was a massive of cast iron covered with mahogany and heavily silver mounted, and nearly seven feet long, was removed to the church,